

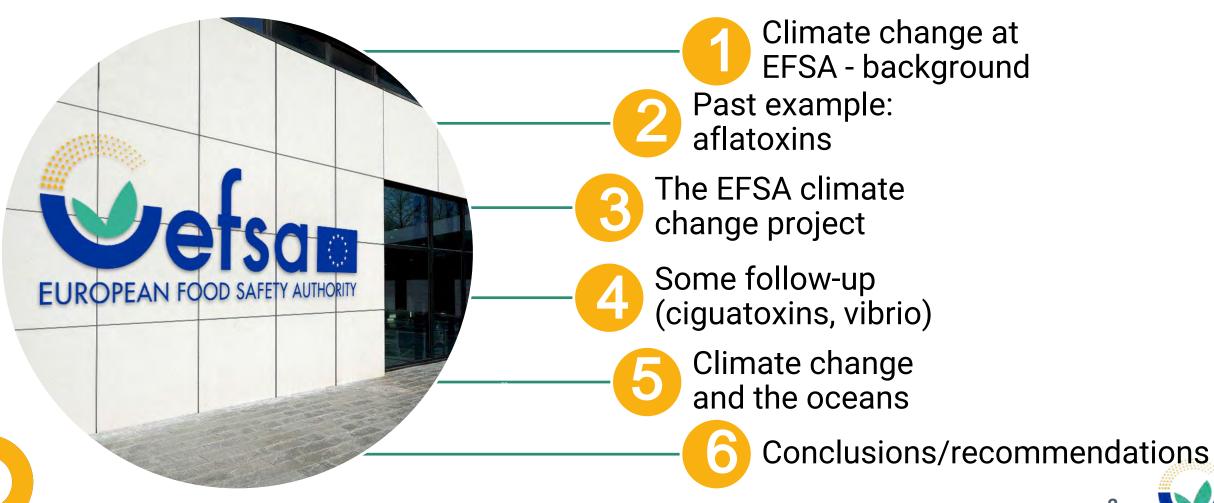
# CLIMATE CHANGE AND FOOD SAFETY

**Angelo Maggiore** 

Knowledge, Innovation and Partnership Management Unit



# **OUTLINE**







Provides independent scientific advice and support for EU risk managers and policy makers on food and feed safety



Provides independent, timely risk communication



Promotes scientific cooperation







Develop food safety policies & legislation



Adopt regulations, authorize marketing of new products



Enfoce food safety legislation



### **FOOD SAFETY IN A TUNA WORLD**



#### Cluster 1

A growing, urbanising and migrating global population

- a An ageing and stabilising European population facing global growth
- b People on the move
- c More people in urban areas



#### Cluster 6

Diversifying values, lifestyles and governance approaches

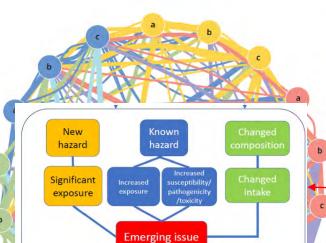
- a Emerging lifestyles, work patterns and learning
- opportunities **b** Shifting health and social challenges
- c Evolving governance challenges and approaches



#### Cluster 5

global economy and geopolitical landscape

- a Global changes
- **b** Contrasting fortunes
- c Geopolitical power shifts,



Power shifts in the

- in economic power
- in the global economy
- tensions and uncertainties



#### Cluster 2

Climate change and environmental degradation worldwide

- a Accelerating climate change and increasingly severe consequences
- b Increased pressures on ecosystems and biodiversity
- Increasing environmental

pressure



#### Cluster 3

Increasing scarcity of and global competition for resources

- a Accelerating global demand for energy
- b Growing demand for materials worldwide
- c Ever increasing demand for land, food and water

TUNA, VUCA ..... world

preparedness to the future

scanning the food safety environment: drivers of change, emerging trends, emerging risks

> Climate change as a driver of emerging risks

> > long term anticipation/prevention



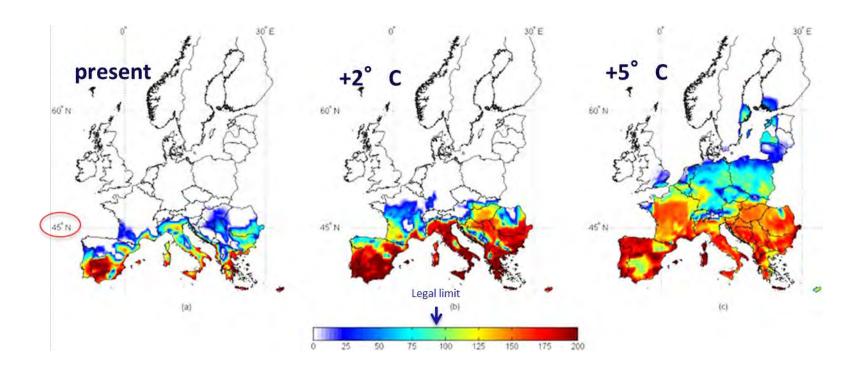
#### Cluster 4

Accelerating technological change and convergence

- a Changing landscape of
- technological innovation **b** Acceleration, hyperconnectivity and
- digitalisation c Technological convergence

# **EXAMPLE: RISKS OF AFLATOXINS IN MAIZE, WHEAT AND RICE**

The risk of aflatoxin contamination due to A. flavus is expected to increase in maize, both in the + 2 °C and + 5 °C scenarios, to be negligible in wheat and absent in rice.





# CLEFSA - CLIMATE CHANGE AS A DRIVER OF EMERGING RISKS FOOD AND FEED SAFETY, PLANT, ANIMAL HEALTH AND NUTRITIONAL QUALITY



#### Driver

- Long term anticipation/prevention
- Several emerging issues
- Scenarios/indicators



### Horizon scanning for identification

- CLEFSA Network
- Crowdsourcing
- Broad range of signals Variety of information sources



#### Characterisation

- Multi-Criteria -> scoring
- Participatory

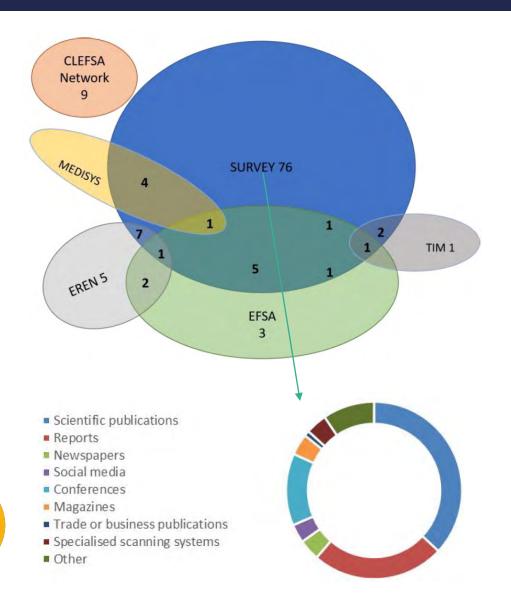


### **Analysis**

- Impact-likelihood
- Indicator of effect of climate change
- Indicator for uncertainty



# HORIZON SCANNING FOR IDENTIFICATION OF EMERGING RISKS/ISSUES DRIVEN BY CLIMATE CHANGE



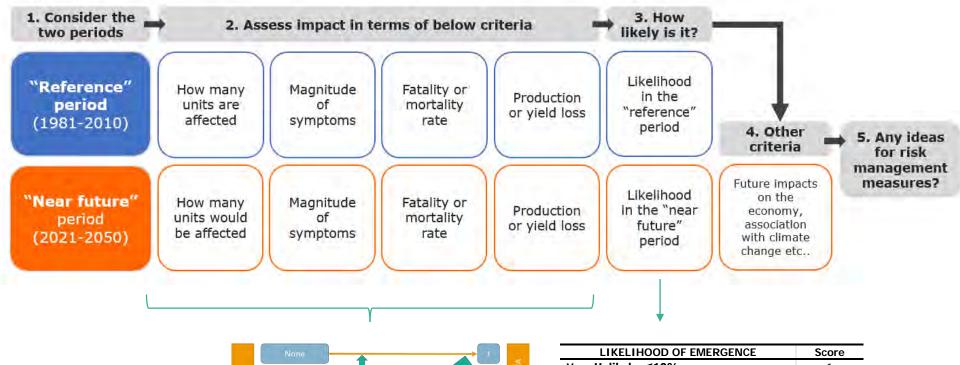
EFSA's areas	# characterised	# uncharacterised	TOTAL
Animal health	34	-	34
Biological hazards human health	25	5	30
Plant health	17	19	36
contaminants	19	4	23
nutrition	6	-	6
TOTAL	101	28	129

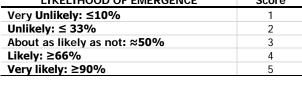


# **CHARACTERISATION**

#### For each emerging issue...

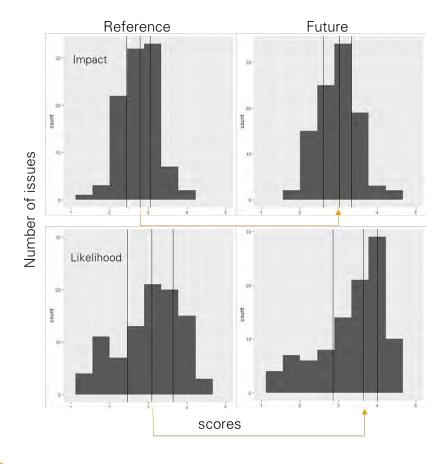




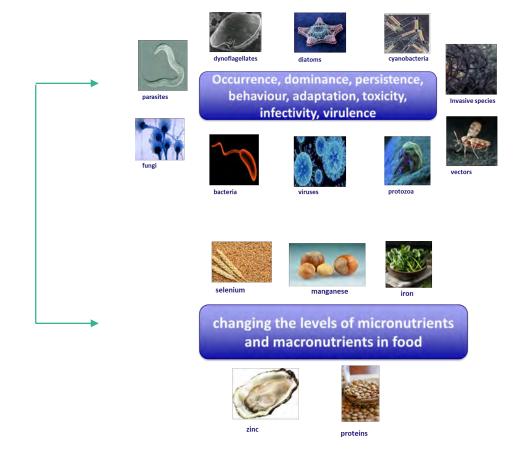




## **ANALYSIS - OVERALL EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE**

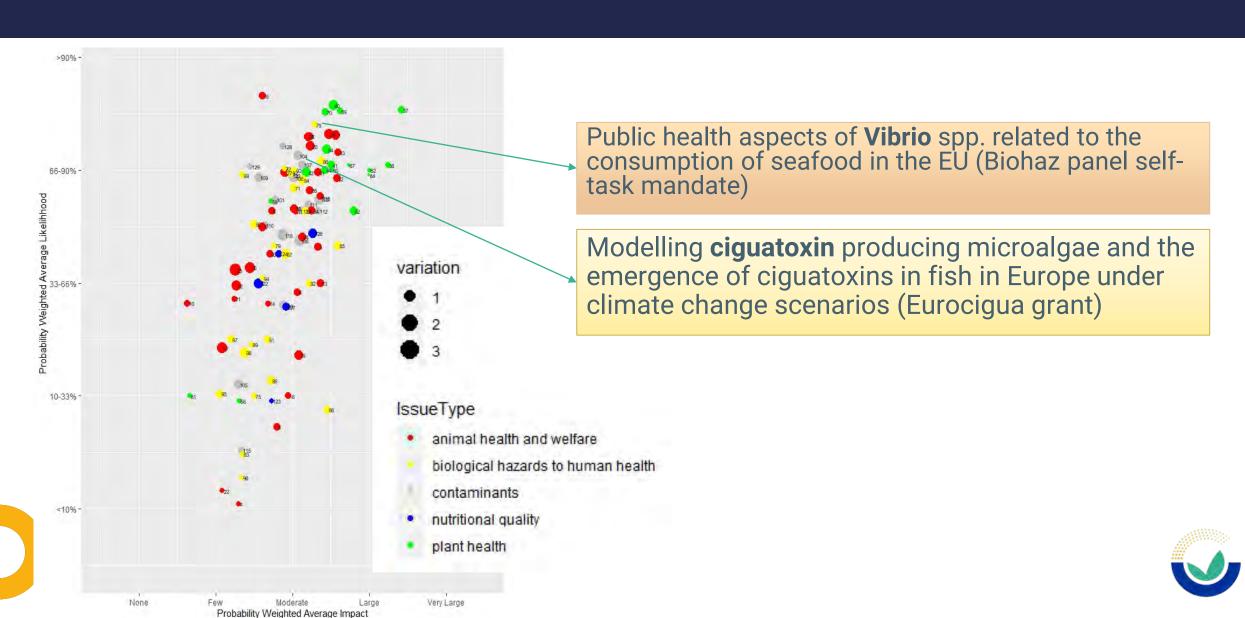


increase the IMPACT (severity, duration and/or frequency) of food-borne or vector-borne diseases or increase the LIKELIHOOD of their emergence.





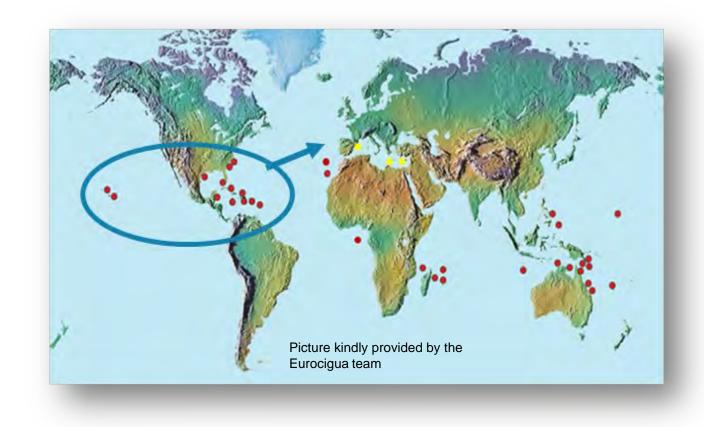
## SPECIFIC EMERGING ISSUES DRIVEN BY CLIMATE CHANGE





### **EUROCIGUA II**

#### AN INTEGRATED APPROACH TO CHARACTERIZE THE HUMAN HEALTH RISKS OF CIGUATOXINS IN FISH IN EUROPE



 Modelling toxin producing microalgae and the emergence of ciguatoxins in fish in Europe under climate change scenarios

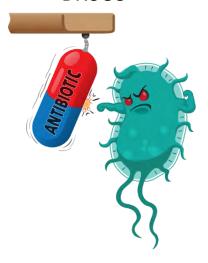
**EFSA's topics:** Ciguatoxins and other marine biotoxins



# **INDIRECT EFFECTS: SOME EXAMPLES**









FOOD HYGIENE



UPTAKE OF CIRCULAR PRACTICES



UPTAKE OF NEW TECHNOLOGIES



TRANSFORMATION AGRIFOOD SYSTEMS

without systems thinking even desirable innovations might have unintended consequences for food safety



## CLIMATE CHANGE AND THE FUTURE OCEANS

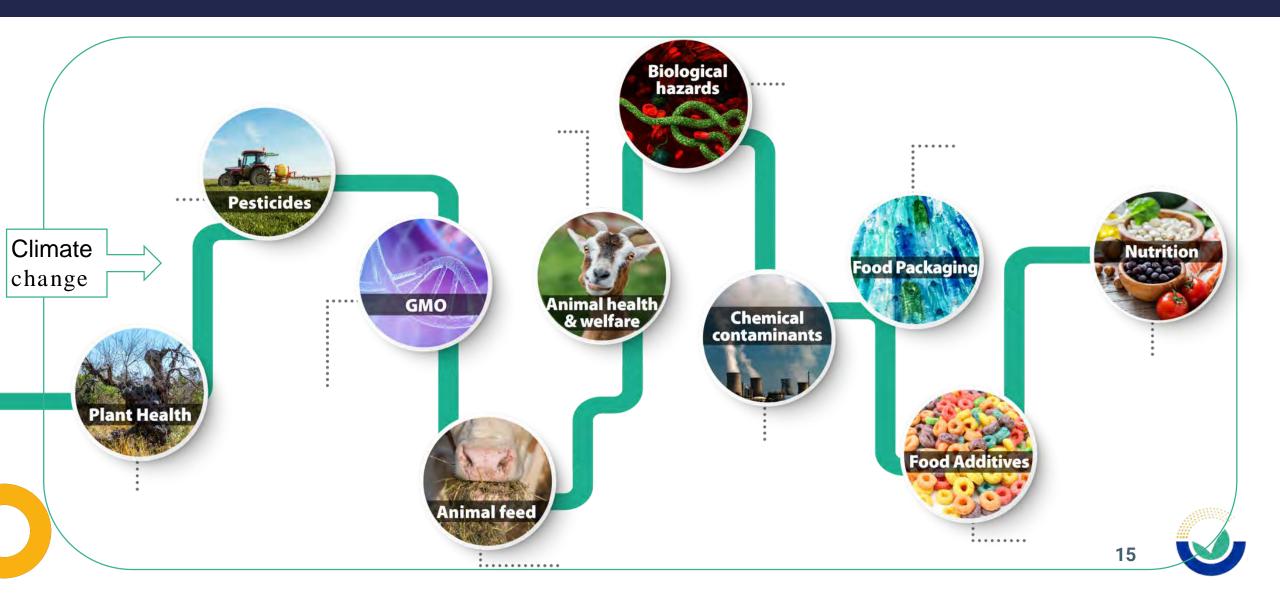




https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/02/ice-melting-arctic-transport-route-industry/

Future uses of the ocean and its resources that may impact the food and feed systems, in a context of global drivers of change

# FOOD SAFETY FROM FARM TO FORK



### **CONCLUSIONS**



Navigating an uncertain and complex world -> drivers of change



Cooperation, engagement and public participation allow to identify many potential issues (... weak signals ....)



Expert knowledge/networking needed for characterisation and sense making



Increase severity, duration and/or frequency of the potential effects



Increase the likelihood of emergence



marine biotoxins and biological hazards







# RECOMMENDATIONS











Methodological developments for preparedness to the future (e.g. post-normal science)

Surveillance and monitoring

Integrated policies (one-health)

Revisiting risk assessment approaches

Cooperation



# **QUESTIONS?**

### LISTEN TO OUR ODCAST

Science on the Menu – Spotify, Apple Podcast and YouTube

• Episode 7 – <u>Climate change: what it means</u> for food safety





# **STAY CONNECTED**

#### **SUBSCRIBE TO**

efsa.europa.eu/en/news/newsletters efsa.europa.eu/en/rss Careers.efsa.europa.eu – job alerts



#### **FOLLOW US ON TWITTER**

@efsa\_eu
@plants\_efsa

@methods\_efsa @animals\_efsa



#### **FOLLOW US ON INSTAGRAM**

@one\_healthenv\_eu



#### LISTEN TO OUR PODCAST

Science on the Menu –Spotify, Apple Podcast and YouTube



#### **FOLLOW US ON LINKEDIN**

Linkedin.com/company/efsa



#### **CONTACT US**

efsa.europa.eu/en/contact/askefsa



